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patent classification.

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NOV 03

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           24 NEISSERIA GROUP B
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=> s neisseria (10a) group B
         2871 NEISSERIA (10A) GROUP B
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=> s 14 and (MenB919 or MenB 919)
            0 L4 AND (MENB919 OR MENB 919)
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=> s 14 and neisseria (5a) antigen?
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   7 FILES SEARCHED...
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           76 L4 AND NEISSERIA (5A) ANTIGEN?
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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7
             29 DUP REM L7 (47 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L8
=> d bib ab 1-29
L8
    ANSWER 1 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
          Text
       152:343487 CA
AN
TΙ
    Outer membrane vesicle (OMV) vaccine comprising protein NMB0964 f
    Neisseria meningitidis
    Bos, Martine Petronella; Poolman, Jan; Stork, Michiel; Tommassen,
ΙN
    Petrus Maria; Weynants, Vincent
    GlaxoSmithKline Biologicals S.A., Belq.; Utrecht University
PΑ
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 43pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA English
FAN.CNT 1
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PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DAT
     WO 2010025964
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                                            WO 2009-EP52689
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             FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, J
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     AU 2009217425
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                                            AU 2009-217425
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PRAI GB 2008-16447
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                                20080908
     WO 2009-EP52689
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                                20090306
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AB The present invention relates to immunogenic compns. comprising n blebs with upregulated levels of the NMB0964 antigens such that **bactericidal** antibodies are generated against said antigen. It h found for the first time that this antigen's expression is zinc r and therefore methods are provided to upregulated expression thro removal of the zinc repression mechanism of the cell or promoter, through removal of zinc from the culture medium.

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 2 OF 29 BIOTECHDS COPYRIGHT 2010 THOMSON REUTERS on STN



DUPLICATE 2

AN 2010-08367 BIOTECHDS

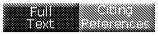
TI Design and evaluation in mice of a broadly protective meningococ B native outer membrane vesicle **vaccine**;

therapeutic composition comprising outer membrane vesicle **vac** containing synX, IpxL1 and IgtA gene disabled Neisseria menin useful as **vaccine** for treatment and prevention of meningitis

- AU ZOLLINGER WD; DONETS MA; SCHMIEL DH; PINTO VB; LABRIE JE; MORAN BRANDT BL; IONIN B; MARQUES R; WU M; CHEN P; STODDARD MB; KEISER CS WRAIR
- LO Zollinger WD, WRAIR, Div Bacterial and Rickettsial Dis, 503 Robe Ave, Silver Spring, MD 20910 USA
- SO VACCINE; (2010) 28, 31, 5057-5067 ISSN: 0264-410X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB AUTHOR ABSTRACT A vaccine based on native outer membrane vesic (NOMV) that has potential to provide safe, broad based protectio group B strains of Neisseria meningitidis has been developed. The antigenically diverse group B strains of N. meningitidis were chosen and genetically modified to improve safety and expression desirable antigens. Safety was enhanced by disabling three genes IpxL1, and IgtA. The vaccine strains were genetically configured

have three sets of antigens each with potential to induce protec antibodies against a wide range of group B strains. Preliminary immunogenicity studies with combined NOMV from the three strains confirmed the capacity of the **vaccine** to induce a broad based **bactericidal** antibody response. Analysis of the **bactericidal** act indicated that antibodies to the LOS were responsible for a majo of the **bactericidal** activity and that these antibodies may enhan **bactericidal** activity of anti-protein antibodies. (C) 2010 Elsev Ltd. All rights reserved. (11 pages)

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3



- AN 152:141980 CA
- TI Immunoproteomic analysis of the development of natural immunity i subjects colonized by Neisseria meningitidis reveals potential **va** candidates
- AU Williams, Jeannette N.; Skipp, Paul J.; O'Connor, C. David; Christodoulides, Myron; Heckels, John E.
- CS Molecular Microbiology, Division of Infection, Inflammation and I Southampton General Hospital, University of Southampton Medical S Southampton, SO16 6YD, UK
- SO Infection and Immunity (2009), 77(11), 5080-5089 CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567
- PB American Society for Microbiology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The potential protective effect of existing vaccines against sero AB meningococci, based on outer membrane proteins, is limited by str restriction and apparent short duration of immune responses. meningococcal colonization is known to stimulate the prodn. of cross-protective antibodies as defined by the development of seru bactericidal activity (SBA) against heterologous serogroup B stra In the current study, a resource of human serum samples and menin carriage strains from studies of longitudinal carriage has been s to immunoproteomic anal. to investigate the outer membrane protei antigens assocd. with the development of SBA to both homologous a heterologous meningococcal serogroup B strains. Proteins from ou membranes of homologous and heterologous strains were sepd. by two-dimensional electrophoresis and reacted with paired sera whic an increase in SBA following colonization. Individuals showed di patterns of reactivity upon colonization, with an increase in SBA assocd. with increases in the no. of spots detected before and af colonization and/or with increases in the intensity of individual Anal. of immunoreactive spots by mass spectrometry resulted in th identification of 43 proteins potentially assocd. with the develo SBA against both homologous and heterologous strains. immunogens generated included not only well-established antigens novel proteins that represent potentially new candidates for incl defined, multicomponent serogroup B vaccines.
- OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITI RE.CNT 60 THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 4 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4



- AN 153:171656 CA
- TI Neisseria meningitidis antigen NMB0088: sequence variability, pro topology and vaccine potential
- AU Sardinas, Gretel; Yero, Daniel; Climent, Yanet; Caballero, Evelin Karem; Niebla, Olivia
- CS Meningococcal Research Department, Division of Vaccines, Center f Genetic Engineering and Biotechnology, Havana, 10600, Cuba
- SO Journal of Medical Microbiology (2009), 58(2), 196-208 CODEN: JMMIAV; ISSN: 0022-2615
- PB Society for General Microbiology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The significance of Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B membrane p as vaccine candidates is continually growing. Here, the authors different aspects of antigen NMB0088, a protein that is abundant outer-membrane vesicle prepns. and is thought to be a surface pro The gene encoding protein NMB0088 was sequenced in a panel of 34 meningococcal strains with clin. and epidemiol. relevance. anal., four variants of NMB0088 were identified; the variability confined to three specific segments, designated VR1, VR2 and VR3. Secondary structure predictions, refined with alignment anal. and modeling using FadL of Escherichia coli, revealed that almost all variable regions were located in extracellular loop domains. the NMB0088 antigen was expressed in E. coli and a procedure for purified recombinant NMB0088 is described. The humoral immune re elicited in BALB/c mice was measured by ELISA and Western blottin the functional activity of these antibodies was detd. in a serum bactericidal assay and an animal protection model. After immuniz in mice, the recombinant protein was capable of inducing a protec response when it was administered inserted into liposomes. the authors' results, the recombinant NMB0088 protein may represe novel antigen for a vaccine against meningococcal disease. Howev results from the variability study should be considered for desig cross-protective formulation in future studies.
- OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITI RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 5 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 5



- AN 149:126525 CA
- TI Sequences of Neisseria ORF2086 proteins as immunogenic compositio the prevention and treatment of meningococcal disease
- IN Zlotnick, Gary W.
- PA Wyeth, John, and Brother Ltd., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 124pp.
 - CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PAI	ENT I	NO.			KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.						D	AT	
PI	WO	2008	0793	72		A2 20080703 A9 20090212 A3 20090416			<u>WO 2007-US26238</u>							200		
	AR AU CA EP JP MX CN	6464; 2007; 2673; 2094;	AE, CH, GB, KM, MG, PT, TR, AT, IS, BJ, GH, BY, 2 3386 515 294 AT, IS, 5127 0067 3185	AG, CN, GD, KN, MK, RO, TT, BE, IT, CF, GM, KG,	CO, GE, KP, MN, RS, TZ, BG, LT, CG, KE, KZ,	CR, GH, KR, MW, RU, UA, CH, LU, CI, LS, MD, A1 A1 A2 CH, LT,	AT, CU, GM, KZ, MX, SC, UG, CY, CM, RU,	2009 AU, CZ, GT, LA, MY, SD, CZ, MC, GA, TJ, 2009 2008 2009 CZ, LV, 2010 2010 2010	AZ, DE, HN, LC, MZ, SE, UZ, DE, MT, GN, TM, 0415 0703 0703 0703 0703 0902 DE, MC, 0430 0820 0120	DK, HR, LK, NA, SG, VC, DK, NL, GQ, SD, AP,	DM, HU, LR, NG, SK, VN, EE, GW, SL, EA, AR 2 AU 2 CA 2 EP 2 EE,	DO, ID, LS, NI, SL, ZA, ES, PT, ML, SZ, EP, 007- 007- 007- 009- 009- 007-	DZ, IL, LT, NO, SM, FI, RO, MR, TZ, OA 1058 3386 2673 8534 FI, PT, 5429 6760 8004	EC, IN, LU, NZ, SV, ZW FR, SE, UG, 09 90 515 61 FR, RO, 57	EE, IS, LY, OM, SY, GB, SI, ZM,	EG, JP, MA, PG, TJ, SK, TD, ZW, 2 2 GR, SI, 2 2	E K M P T H T T A 00000 H S 0000	
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The present invention relates to Neisseria ORF2086 proteins, cros immunogenic proteins which can be isolated from neisserial strain prepd. recombinantly, including immunogenic portions thereof, bio thereof, antibodies that immunospecifically bind to the foregoing nucleic acid sequences encoding each of the foregoing, as well as of same in immunogenic compns. that are effective against infecti Neisseria meningitidis serogroup B. A Neisserial membrane protei capable of eliciting **bactericidal** antibodies against heterologous strains was identified. Recombinant lipidated protein ORF2086 (R was cloned and purified. Antiserum against meningococcal strains produced.

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 6

FUII Text

AN 149:87223 CA

- TI A comparison of anionic nanoparticles and microparticles as **vaccí** delivery systems
- AU Wendorf, Janet; Chesko, James; Kazzaz, Jina; Ugozzoli, Mildred; V Michael; O'Hagan, Derek; Singh, Manmohan
- CS Novartis Vaccines and Diagnostics, Inc., Emeryville, CA, USA
- SO Human Vaccines (2008), 4(1), 44-49 CODEN: HVUAAK; ISSN: 1554-8600
- PB Landes Bioscience
- DT Journal

LA English

AΒ The objective of this work was to conduct an in vivo comparison o nanoparticles and microparticles as vaccine delivery systems. Po (lactide-co-qlycolide) (PLG) polymers were used to create nanopar size 110 nm and microparticles of size 800-900 nm. Protein antig then adsorbed to these particles. The efficacy of these delivery was tested with two protein antigens. A recombinant antigen from Neisseria meningitides type B (MenB) was administered i.m. (i.m.) intraperitonealy (i.p.). An antigen from HIV-1, env glycoprotein was administered intranasally (i.n.) followed by an i.m. boost. three studies, there were no differences between the nanoparticle microparticles formulations. Both particles led to comparable im responses in mice. The immune responses for MenB (serum bacteric activity and antibody titers) were equiv. to the control of alumi hydroxide. For the gp140, the LTK63 was necessary for high titer nanoparticles and microparticles are promising delivery systems.

OSC.G 4 THERE ARE 4 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (4 CITI RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 7

Full Text

AN 147:116458 CA

TI Vaccines for use in Neisseria meningitidis infection

IN Tang, Christoph Marcel; Li, Yanwen

PA Imperial Innovations Limited, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.	_	2																
		ENT I	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.							ΑT	
<u>PI</u>	WO 2007072032					A2 2007062				WO 2006-GB4877							00	
	MO	<u>WO 2007072032</u>				A3		20070907										
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     WO 2004-GB5441
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     WO 2006-GB4877
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

Disclosed are various polypeptides, variants or fragments thereof fusion proteins which are useful as **vaccine** for meningococcal dis The inventors used genetic screening for immunogens (GSI) to scre libraries of insertional mutants of N. meningitidis for strains w less susceptible to killing by **bactericidal** antibodies. GSI was screen a library of approx. 40,000 insertional mutants of MC58, a serogroup B isolate of N. meningitidis, with known complete genom sequence. Using this methodol. 14 new sequences were identified.

L8 ANSWER 8 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 8

Full Texts

AN 148:314817 CA

- TI The potency of the adjuvant, CpG oligos, is enhanced by encapsula PLG microparticles
- AU Malyala, Padma; Chesko, James; Ugozzoli, Mildred; Goodsell, Amand Fengmin; Vajdy, Michael; O'Hagan, Derek T.; Singh, Manmohan
- CS Novartis Vaccines and Diagnostics, Emeryville, CA, 94608, USA
- SO Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (2007), Volume Date 2008, 97(3 1155-1164

CODEN: JPMSAE; ISSN: 0022-3549

- PB Wiley-Liss, Inc.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The objective of this work was to evaluate the potency of the CpG oligonucleotide encapsulated within poly(lactide-co-glycolide), a coadministered with antigen adsorbed to poly(lactide-co-glycolide microparticles (PLG particles). The formulations evaluated inclu added in sol. form, CpG adsorbed, and CpG encapsulated. The antifrom Neisseria meningitidis serotype B (Men B) was used in these

The immunogenicity of these formulations was evaluated Poly(lactide-co-glycolide) microparticles were synthesized by a w emulsification method in the presence of a charged surfactant for formulations. Neisseria meningitidis B protein was adsorbed to t microparticles, with binding efficiency and initial release measu was either added in the sol. or adsorbed or encapsulated form bas type of formulation. The binding efficiency, loading, integrity initial release of CpG and the antigen were measured from all the formulations. The formulations were then tested in mice for their to elicit antibodies, bactericidal activity and T cell responses. Encapsulating CpG within PLG microparticles induced statistically significant higher antibody, bactericidal activity and T cell res when compared to the traditional method of delivering CpG in the

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L8 ANSWER 9 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 9

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141:37593 CA
ΑN
ΤI
    Multiple variants of meningococcal protein NMB1870
    Comanducci, Maurizio; Pizza, Mariagrazia
ΙN
PA
    Chiron S.r.l., Italy
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 77 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
DT
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
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	PATENT NO.						KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.						
PI	<u>WO 2004048404</u>						A2 20040610			WO 2003-IB6320							00
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			NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	S
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	CA	2507	009			A1 20040610					200						
	<u>AU</u>	2003:	2886	<u>81</u>		A1 20040618					200						
	AU	2003:	2886	<u>81</u>		В2	B2 20090604										
	ΕP	1562	<u>983</u>			Α2		2005	0817	EP 2003-780528						2	00
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	NZ 540206	A	20061222	NZ 2003-540206	200
	RU 2336091	C2	20081020	RU 2005-119640	200
	MX 2005005442	A	20050826	<u>MX 2005-5442</u>	200
	<u>US 20060251670</u>	A1	20061109	<u>US 2005-536215</u>	200
	HK 1088342	A1	20090327	<u>HK 2006-108816</u>	200
	JP 2010162038	A	20100729	<u>JP 2010-59915</u>	201
PRAI	GB 2002-27346	A	20021122		
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ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

The authors disclose that the NMB1870 protein is an effective ant eliciting anti-meningococcal antibody responses and that it is ex across all meningococcal serogroups. Forty-two different NMB 187 sequences have been identified, and these group into three varian Serum raised against a given variant is bactericidal within the s variant group, but is not active against strains which express on other two variants i.e. there is intra-variant cross-protection, inter-variant cross-protection. For max. cross-strain efficacy, therefore, the invention uses mixts. comprising different variant 1870.

OSC.G 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITI RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 10

FUI Est

AN 140:362993 CA

TI Sequences of **Neisseria** meningitidis **group B antigens** and use for making vaccines for broad protection against hypervirulent mening lineages

IN Pizza, Mariagrazia

PA Chiron Srl, Italy

SO PCT Int. Appl., 53 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

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PI	WO 2004	04032958			A1		20040422		WO 2003-IB4848							00		
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		GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KΡ,	KR,	KΖ,	L		
		LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	N		
		OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	T		
		TN,	TR,	TT,	${\mathbb T}{\mathbb Z}$,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW			
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	${\mathbb T}{\mathbb Z}$,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	Α		
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		FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	ΙT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	S		
		BF,	ΒJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	$\mathtt{ML}_{,}$	MR,	NE,	SN,	Τ		
	CA 2501	812	A1		2004	0422	CA 2003-2501812							00				
	AU 2003274511						20040504		:	AU 2	003-	2745	11		2	00		
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		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, IT	, LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	M	
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	BR	2003	01522	<u>28</u>		A		2006	0411		BR	2003	- 1522	8		2	00	
	JP	2006	51240)2		T 20060413					JP		200					
	CN	1809	380			A		2006	0726		CN	200						
	NZ	5629	<u>98</u>			A 20080530 NZ 2003-562								998 2				
	RU	2333	007			C2 20080910					RU	2005	200					
	MX 2005003863				A		2005	0908		MX	2005	-3863	_		2	00		
	US 20060171957					A1 20060803					US		00					
	JP 2010215628					A		2010	0930		JР		2	01				
PRAI	GB	2002	-237	41		A		2002	1011									
	GB	2003	-583	1_		A	A 20030313											
	GB	2003	-911!	<u></u>		A		2003	0422									
	JP	2005	-501	<u>800</u>		A3		2003	1002									
	MO	2003	-IB48	848		M		2003	1002									

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS DISPLAY FORMAT

AB A small no. of defined antigens can provide broad protection agai meningococcal infection, and the invention provides a compn. whic administration to a subject, is able to induce an antibody respon that subject, wherein the antibody response is **bactericidal** again or three of hypervirulent lineages A4, ET 5 and lineage 3 of N.meningitidis serogroup B. Rather than consisting of a single an the compn. comprises a mixt. of 10 or fewer purified antigens, an not include complex or undefined mixts. of antigens such as outer vesicles. Five protein antigens are used in particular: (1) a 'N protein; (2) a '741' protein; (3) a '936' protein; (4) a '953' prand (5) a '287' protein.

OSC.G 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITI RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 11 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 11

FUIL Text

AN 142:21974 CA

- TI Development of immunity to serogroup B meningococci during carria Neisseria meningitidis in a cohort of university students
- AU Jordens, J. Zoe; Williams, Jeannette N.; Jones, Graeme R.; Christodoulides, Myron; Heckels, John E.
- CS Molecular Microbiology and Infection Group, Division of Infection Inflammation and Repair, University of Southampton Medical School Southampton, UK
- SO Infection and Immunity (2004), 72(11), 6503-6510 CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567
- PB American Society for Microbiology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Understanding the basis of protective immunity is a key requireme the development of an effective **vaccine** against infection with Ne meningitidis of serogroup B. The authors have conducted a longit study into the dynamics of meningococcal acquisition and carriage first-year university students. The detection of carriage of ser meningococci correlated with an increase in detection of serum

bactericidal activity (SBA) against both colonizing and heterolog serogroup B strains. Once induced, SBA remained high throughout study. Although students showed increases in antibodies reactive capsular polysaccharide and lipopolysaccharide (LPS), these antib responses were transitory, and their decline was not accompanied corresponding decline in SBA. In contrast, there was a significa correlation between the presence of antibodies to the PorA outer protein and SBA against both homologous and heterologous strains. induced by a PorA-neg. mutant confirmed the contribution of PorA heterologous activity. Increases in SBA against a range of serog strains were also obsd. in students in whom no meningococcal carr detected. This heterologous protection could not be assocd. with presence of antibodies reacting with capsule, LPS, PorA, PorB, Rm Opc, or pilin, demonstrating that other, as yet unidentified, ant contribute to the development of immunity to serogroup B meningoc Identification of such antigens with the ability to induce an eff cross-reactive bactericidal response to a range of strains would major step in the prodn. of a universally effective vaccine again infections caused by serogroup B meningococci.

OSC.G 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (11 CI RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 12 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 12

FUI TEXE

AN 140:373626 CA

- TI Protective Activity of Monoclonal Antibodies to Genome-Derived Ne Antigen 1870, a Neisseria meningitidis Candidate Vaccine
- AU Welsch, Jo Anne; Rossi, Raffaella; Comanducci, Maurizio; Granoff,
- CS Children's Hospital Oakland Research Institute, Oakland, CA, 9460
- SO Journal of Immunology (2004), 172(9), 5606-5615 CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767
- PB American Association of Immunologists
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Genome-derived neisserial Ag (GNA) 1870 is a meningococcal vaccin candidate that can be subdivided into three variants based on ami sequence variability. Variant group 1 accounts for ~60% of disease-producing group B isolates. The Ag went unrecognized unt discovery by genome mining because it is expressed in low copy no To investigate the relationship between Ab binding to G and complement-mediated protective functions, we prepd. a panel o murine IgG mAbs against rGNA1870 (variant 1) and evaluated their against nine genetically diverse encapsulated Neisseria meningiti strains expressing subvariants of variant 1 GNA1870. Based on fl cytometry with live encapsulated bacteria, surface accessibility epitopes recognized by the mAbs appeared to be low in most strain mAb concns. <1 to 5 μ g/mL were sufficient to elicit bactericidal activity with human complement and/or activate C3b deposition on bacterial surface. Certain combinations of mAbs were highly bactericidal against strains that were resistant to bactericidal activity of the resp. individual mAbs. The mAbs conferred passiv protection against bacteremia in infant rats challenged by strain

resistant to bacteriolysis, and the protective activity parallele ability of the mAb to activate C3b deposition. Thus, despite low surface exposure, anti-GNA1870 variant 1 Abs are **bactericidal** and elicit C3b deposition and confer protection against bacteremia ca encapsulated N. meningitidis strains expressing GNA1870 subvarian proteins. The data support GNA1870 as a promising **vaccine** candid prevention of meningococcal group B disease caused by GNA1870 var strains.

OSC.G 47 THERE ARE 47 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (47 CI RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 13 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 13

5011 TEXT

AN 140:75593 CA

- TI Liposomal meningococcal B vaccination: Role of dendritic cell tar the development of a protective immune response
- AU Arigita, Carmen; Bevaart, Lisette; Everse, Linda A.; Koning, Gerb Hennink, Wim E.; Crommelin, Daan J. A.; van de Winkel, Jan G. J.; Vugt, Martine J.; Kersten, Gideon F. A.; Jiskoot, Wim
- CS Department of Pharmaceutics, Utrecht Institute for Pharmaceutical (UIPS), Utrecht University, Utrecht, Neth.
- SO Infection and Immunity (2003), 71(9), 5210-5218 CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567
- PB American Society for Microbiology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ The effect of targeting strategies for improving the interaction liposomal PorA with dendritic cells (DC) on the immunogenicity of investigated. PorA, a major antigen of Neisseria meningitidis, w purified and reconstituted in different types of (targeted) lipos i.e., by using mannose or phosphatidylserine as targeting moietie with pos. charged liposomes. The authors studied the efficiency liposome uptake and its effect on the maturation of and interleuk (IL-12) prodn. by murine DC. Moreover, mice were immunized s.c. the localization and immunogenicity of PorA liposomes. Uptake of liposomes by DC was increased for targeted liposomes and resulted maturation of DC, but to various degrees. Maturation markers (i. CD86, MHC class II, and CD40) showed enhanced expression on DC in with targeted PorA liposomes relative to those incubated with non PorA liposomes. Moreover, only the uptake of targeted PorA lipos induced prodn. of IL-12 by DC, with levels similar to those produ lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-pulsed DC. Mannose-targeted PorA liposo administered s.c. had an increased localization in draining lymph compared to non-targeted PorA liposomes. Liposomes in draining 1 nodes interacted preferentially with antigen-presenting cells, an that was enhanced with targeted PorA liposomes. Immunization stu showed an improvement of the bactericidal antibody response (i.e. increased no. of responders) generated by targeted PorA liposomes to that generated by non-targeted ones or LPS-contg. outer membra vesicles. Thus, the use of targeted PorA liposomes results in an uptake by and activation of DC and an increased localization in d lymph nodes. These effects correlate with an enhanced immune res

toward the vaccine.

- OSC.G 24 THERE ARE 24 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (24 CI RE.CNT 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
 - ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 14 OF 29 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2010 Elsevier B.V. All rig

Full Text

reserved on STN

DUPLICATE 14

- AN 2004003955 EMBASE
- TI Antibody to Genome-Derived Neisserial **Antigen** 2132, a **Neisseria** meningitidis Candidate **Vaccine**, Confers Protection against Bacter the Absence of Complement-Mediated **Bactericidal** Activity.
- AU Welsch, Jo Anne; Moe, Gregory R.; Rossi, Raffaella; Granoff, Dan (correspondence)
- CS Children's Hosp. Oakland Res. Inst., Oakland, CA, United States. dgranoff@chori.org
- AU Adu-Bobie, Jeannette; Rappuoli, Rino
- CS Immunobiological Res. Inst. of Siena, Chiron S.r.l., Siena, Italy
- AU Granoff, Dan M., Dr. (correspondence)
- CS Children's Hospital, Oakland Research Institute, 5700 Martin Luth Jr. Way, Oakland, CA 94609, United States. dgranoff@chori.org
- SO Journal of Infectious Diseases, (1 Dec 2003) Vol. 188, No. 11, pp 1730-1740.

Refs: 33

ISSN: 0022-1899 CODEN: JIDIAO

- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article
- FS 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 004 Microbiology: Bacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology and Vi
- LA English
- SL English
- ED Entered STN: 16 Jan 2004
 Last Updated on STN: 16 Jan 2004
- Genome-derived neisserial antigen 2132 (GNA2132) is a novel vacci AΒ candidate that was identified during the Neisseria meningitidis g B strain MC58 genome-sequencing project. To assess the vaccine potential of GNA2132, we prepared antisera from mice immunized wi recombinant GNA2132 (gene from strain NZ394/ 98). Anti-GNA2132 a bound to the surface of live bacteria from all 7 capsular group B strains tested and elicited deposition of human C3b on the bacter surface. However, with human or infant-rat complement, anti-GNA2 no detectable bactericidal activity (titer, <1:4) against the nom strain, NZ394/98, and was bactericidal against only 2 of the other strains tested. These differences between strains were unrelated GNA2132 amino acid sequence or level of protein expression. Desp of bactericidal activity, anti-GNA2132 antiserum passively protec infant rats against meningococcal bacteremia after challenge with resistant strains. GNA2132 is thus a promising vaccine candidate prevention of disease caused by N. meningitidis.
- L8 ANSWER 15 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 15



- AN 139:51298 CA
- TI Serological correlates of protection against meningococci in a co university students, before and during an outbreak of serogroup C infection
- AU Williams, Jeannette N.; Jones, Graeme R.; Christodoulides, Myron; John E.
- CS Molecular Microbiology and Infection Group, University of Southam Medical School, Southampton, UK
- SO Journal of Infectious Diseases (2003), 187(9), 1433-1441 CODEN: JIDIAQ; ISSN: 0022-1899
- PB University of Chicago Press
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The assocn. between individual meningococcal antigens and the dev AB of protective immunity to both serogroup C and B meningococci was before and during an outbreak of serogroup C infection among univ Persons who became infected showed, in serum taken eit before infection or on admission to the hospital, low levels of bactericidal activity against the outbreak strain; patients who s infection developed bactericidal activity that correlated with pr antibodies to serogroup C capsular polysaccharide but not to eith lipopolysaccharide or major outer-membrane proteins. Uninfected classmates also showed a strong correlation between bactericidal activity and the presence of anti-capsular antibodies. In contra bactericidal activity against serogroup B did not correlate with presence of antibodies to capsular polysaccharide but did correla antibodies reacting with the porin proteins PorA and PorB. These support the introduction of conjugate MenC vaccines, validate str for prevention of serogroup B infection that are based on vaccine PorA, and suggest that PorB may also be an important component of vaccines.
- OSC.G 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITI RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 16 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 16

Full

- AN 139:349440 CA
- TI Immune response to native NadA from Neisseria meningitidis and it expression in clinical isolates in Brazil
- AU Fukasawa, Lucila O.; Gorla, Maria Cecilia O.; Lemos, Ana Paula S. Schenkman, Rocilda P. F.; Brandileone, Maria Cristina C.; Fox, Ja Raw, Isaias; Frasch, Carl E.; Tanizaki, Martha M.
- CS Centro de Biotecnologia, Instituto Butantan, Sao Paulo, 05504-900
- SO Journal of Medical Microbiology (2003), 52(2), 121-125 CODEN: JMMIAV; ISSN: 0022-2615
- PB Lippincott Williams & Wilkins
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB A mAb against the NadA protein from Neisseria meningitidis strain (serosubtype B:2b:P1.2:P5.2,8) demonstrated strong **bactericidal** a against Brazilian epidemic serogroup B strain N44/89
 - (B:4,7:P1.19,15:P5.5,7) and a serogroup C strain, IMC 2135 (C:2a:

but not against another serogroup C strain, N1002/90 (C:2b:P1.3:P The immunogenicity of native NadA in an outer-membrane vesicle (O prepn. was also tested. Serum from mice immunized with OMV from B strain N44/89, which contains the NadA protein, showed **bacteric** activity against serogroup B and C strains possessing NadA. In d anal. of 100 serogroup B and 100 serogroup C isolates from Brazil patients, the mAb to NadA recognized about 60 % of the samples fr serogroups. The mol. mass of the NadA protein from strain N44/89 mass spectrometry was 37 971 Da and the peptide sequences were id to those of NadA from N. meningitidis strain MC58.

OSC.G 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (7 CITI RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 17 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 17



AN 136:133267 CA

- TI A novel mimetic **antigen** eliciting protective antibody to **Neisseri** meningitidis
- AU Granoff, Dan M.; Moe, Gregory R.; Giuliani, Marzia M.; Adu-Bobie, Jeannette; Santini, Laura; Brunelli, Brunella; Piccinetti, France Zuno-Mitchell, Patricia; Lee, Sharon S.; Neri, Paolo; Bracci, Lui Lozzi, Luisa; Rappuoli, Rino
- CS Children's Hospital Oakland Research Institute, Oakland, CA, 9460
- SO Journal of Immunology (2001), 167(11), 6487-6496 CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767
- PB American Association of Immunologists
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ Mol. mimetic Ags are of considerable interest as vaccine candidat Yet there are few examples of mimetic Ags that elicit protective against a pathogen, and the functional activity of anti-mimetic A not been studied in detail. As part of the Neisseria meningitidi serogroup B genome sequencing project, a large no. of novel prote identified. Herein, we provide evidence that genome-derived Ag 3 (GNA33), a lipoprotein with homol. to Escherichia coli murein transqlycosylase, elicits protective Ab to meningococci as a resu mimicking an epitope on loop 4 of porin A (PorA) in strains with serosubtype P1.2. Epitope mapping of a bactericidal anti-GNA33 m using overlapping peptides shows that the mAb recognizes peptides GNA33 and PorA that share a QTP sequence that is necessary but no sufficient for binding. By flow cytometry, mouse antisera prepd. rGNA33 and the anti-GNA33 mAb bind as well as an anti-PorA P1.2 m surface of eight of nine N. meningitidis serogroup B strains test the P1.2 serosubtype. Anti-GNA33 Abs also are bactericidal for m P1.2 strains and, for susceptible strains, the activity of an ant mAb is similar to that of an anticapsular mAb but less active tha anti-P1.2 mAb. Anti-GNA Abs also confer passive protection again bacteremia in infant rats challenged with P1.2 strains. represents one of the most effective immunogenic mimetics yet des These results demonstrate that mol. mimetics have potential as meningococcal vaccine candidates.
- OSC.G 38 THERE ARE 38 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (38 CI

RE.CNT 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L8 ANSWER 18 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 18



AN 123:141117 CA

OREF 123:25093a,25096a

- TI A linear B-cell epitope on the class 3 outer-membrane protein of **Neisseria** meningitidis recognized after vaccination with the Norw **group B** outer-membrane vesicle **vaccine**
- AU Delvig, Alexei A.; Wedege, Elisabeth; Caugant, Dominique a.; Dals Kolberg, Jan; Achtman, Mark; Rosenqvist, Einar
- CS National Institute of Public Health, Departments of Vaccines and Bacteriology, Oslo, N-0462, Norway
- SO Microbiology (Reading, United Kingdom) (1995), 141(7), 1593-600 CODEN: MROBEO; ISSN: 1350-0872
- PB Society for General Microbiology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The class 3 outer-membrane protein (OMP) of Neisseria meningitidi potential target for bactericidal and opsonic antibodies in human Synthetic peptides spanning the class 3 OMP from the vaccine stra 44/76 (B:15:P1.7,16:L3,7) were synthesized on pins and screened w obtained from Norwegian adolescents immunized with a meningococca serogroup B outer-membrane vesicle (OMV) vaccine. A strong IgG r to a single peptide (19FHQNGQVTEVTT30) located within loop 1 (VR1 stimulated after three doses of OMV vaccine in three vaccinees se on the basis of their antibody response to class 3 OMP. No clear B-cell epitopes were recognized by four different murine serotype 15-specific mAbs. A 23mer peptide (D63b2) contg. loop 1 of the c OMP was synthesized, and the IgG responses were measured in prepost-vaccination serum from 27 vaccinees. Specific IgG rose sign in 37% of vaccines 6 wk after the second dose and in 74% of the v 6 wk after the third dose of the OMV vaccine. Most immune sera r distinctly on immunoblots with denatured class 3 OMP, and the immunoblotting reactivity correlated strongly with concn. of the antibodies specific for peptide D63b2. When added to a post-vacc serum from one vaccinee, peptide D63b2 competed efficiently with 3 OMP for specific antibody binding on immunoblots and in pin ELI results show that the significant part of the humoral response to meningococcal class 3 OMP elicited by vaccination with the Norweg vaccine was directed against a single continuous epitope.
- OSC.G 14 THERE ARE 14 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (14 CI
- L8 ANSWER 19 OF 29 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2010 Elsevier B.V. All rig

Full Text

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DUPLICATE 19

- AN 1995240219 EMBASE
- TI Surface antigen analysis of group B Neisseria meningitidis outer membrane by monoclonal antibodies: Identification of bactericidal antibodies to class 5 protein.
- AU Danelli, M.D.G.M. (correspondence); Batoreu, N.M.; Lacerda, M.D.;

- Ferreira, C.R.B.; Cardoso, J.D.; Peralta, J.M.; Frasch, C.E.
- CS Depto. Desenvolvimento Tecnologico, Fundacao Oswaldo Cruz, Insto. Tecnologia Immunobiologicos, Av. Brasil 4365, Rio de Janeiro, 210 RJ, Brazil.
- SO Current Microbiology, (1995) Vol. 31, No. 3, pp. 146-151. ISSN: 0343-8651 CODEN: CUMIDD
- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article
- FS 004 Microbiology: Bacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology and Vi
- LA English
- SL English
- ED Entered STN: 30 Aug 1995
 - Last Updated on STN: 30 Aug 1995
- Twenty-four monoclonal antibodies (mAbs) against group B Neisseri meningitidis surface antigens were analyzed by immunoenzymatic as and by a bactericidal test. Two mAbs were specific to polysaccha and one to lipopolysaccharide. The others were directed against membrane proteins ranging in molecular mass from 25 to 200 kDa. membrane protein epitopes recognized by the mAbs were not conform and were located on the outer surface of the microorganism. Line epitopes on the class 5 protein, exposed on the surface of the me were able to induce bactericidal antibodies to the homologous str The susceptibility of Neisseria meningitidis to these antibodies unchanged when this organism was cultivated under conditions of i depletion. These results demonstrate that peptides derived from proteins are potentially important in synthetic peptide or in rec protein vaccines containing linear bactericidal epitopes.

L8 ANSWER 20 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 20



AN 122:7450 CA

OREF 122:1719a,1722a

- TI Immunization with a multiple antigen peptide containing defined B T-cell epitopes: production of **bactericidal** antibodies against **gr B Neisseria** meningitidis
- AU Christodoulides, Myron; Heckels, John E.
- CS Southampton General Hospital, Univ. Southampton, Southampton, SO1
- SO Microbiology (Reading, United Kingdom) (1994), 140(11), 2951-60 CODEN: MROBEO; ISSN: 1350-0872
- PB Society for General Microbiology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Previous anal. of the class 1 outer-membrane (OM) protein of Neis meningitidis has identified discrete epitopes to be potential tar immune attack. The conformation of these epitopes is important f inducing antibodies which can react with the native protein and p complement-mediated lysis of the meningococcus. The multiple ant peptide (MAP) system, which consists of an oligomeric branching 1 core to which are attached dendritic arms of defined peptide anti confers some conformational stability and also allows for the pre immunogens contg. both B-cell and T helper (Th)-cell epitopes. I study, MAPs were synthesized to contain (i) the subtype P1.16b meningococcal class 1 protein B-cell epitope (B-MAP), and (ii) th

epitope in tandem with a defined Th-cell epitope, chosen from tet toxin (BT-MAP). The B-MAP was non-immunogenic in animals. In co incorporation of the Th-cell epitope into BT-MAP induced a strong response towards the class 1 protein B-cell epitope. Antisera fr immunized mice and rabbits reacted in ELISA with synthetic peptid the B-cell epitope, and also cross-reacted with meningococcal OMs strains of subtype P1.16b and P1.16a. Murine and rabbit antisera similar reactivity and epitope specificity, but did not react wit denatured class 1 protein in Western blotting, indicating the pre of antibodies directed towards conformational epitopes. The anti rabbits immunized with BT-MAP promoted complement-mediated **bacter** killing not only of the homologous meningococcal subtype P1.16b s also of subtype P1.16a.

OSC.G 18 THERE ARE 18 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (18 CI

L8 ANSWER 21 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 21

FOIL Text

AN 113:4319 CA OREF 113:879a,882a

- TI Antibodies to meningococcal H.8 (Lip) antigen fail to show **bacter** activity
- AU Bhattacharjee, Apurba K.; Moran, Elizabeth E.; Zollinger, Wendell
- CS Dep. Bact. Dis., Walter Reed Army Inst. Res., Washington, DC, 203 USA
- SO Canadian Journal of Microbiology (1990), 36(2), 117-22 CODEN: CJMIAZ; ISSN: 0008-4166
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Purified H9, (Lip) (for lipoprotein) antigen was coupled to AB tresyl-activated Sepharose 4B and used in affinity columns to pur anti-Lip antibodies from convalescent patient sera and from immun sera. Affinity-purified anti-Lip antibodies isolated from two convalescent patient sera contained 1000 and 1280 ELISA units of and included antibodies of IgG, IgA, and IgM isotypes. An anti-L monoclonal ascites (2-1-CA2) had 28 400 ELISA units of antibody. Bactericidal assays were performed using three different case str Neisseria meningitidis group B, namely 44/76, 8532, and 8047. Neither prepn. of purified human anti-Lip antibodies had detectab bactericidal activity against strains 44/76 and 8532, but one of had a titer of 1:4 against strain 8047. Anti-Lip antibodies that purified from immune rabbit serum and contained 1600 ELISA units anti-Lip antibodies also failed to show detectable bactericidal activity. The rabbits were immunized with purified Lip antigen a specific antibody levels of 2000-2200 units by ELISA, but even th unfractionated sera had little or no bactericidal activity agains The high titer mouse monoclonal ascites had no test strains. bactericidal activity against the test strains. The poor bacteri activity assocd. with monoclonal and polyclonal antibodies to the antigen suggest that in spite of other attractive properties it m useful as a meningococcal vaccine.
- OSC.G 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITI
- L8 ANSWER 22 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 22



AN 111:37527 CA OREF 111:6389a,6392a

- TI Unique intermolecular **bactericidal** epitope involving the homosialopolysaccharide capsule on the cell surface of **group B**Neisseria meningitidis and Escherichia coli K1
- AU Jennings, Harold J.; Gamian, Andrzej; Michon, Francis; Ashton, Fr
- CS Div. Biol. Sci., Natl. Res. Counc. Canada, Ottawa, ON, K1A OR6, C
- SO Journal of Immunology (1989), 142(10), 3585-91 CODEN: JOIMA3; ISSN: 0022-1767
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The N-propionylated group B meningococcal polysaccharide mimics a AΒ bactericidal epitope on the surface of group B meningococci and Escherichia coli K1. This was confirmed when both the above orga were able to absorb the bactericidal antibodies from a mouse-anti-N-propionylated group B meningococcal polysaccharide-t toxoid conjugate serum. By using affinity columns it was possibl divide the conjugate antiserum into 3 distinct populations of bot polysaccharide cross-reactive and non-cross-reactive antibodies, which contained most of the bactericidal activity. The cross-rea (IgG1) antibodies were absorbed by an affinity column in which th polysaccharide was linked to the solid support by a long spacer a thereby isolating a population of non-cross-reactive (IgG1) antib Surprisingly the above column also retained another population of non-cross-reactive (IgG2a) and (IgG2b) antibodies which contained the bactericidal activity. These latter antibodies were not abso a similar group B polysaccharide-affinity column in which a short arm was employed. The above expts. thus not only effected a sepn highly bactericidal antibodies but also provided evidence that th spacer arm is functional in the binding of the bactericidal antib to the affinity column. This indicates that the bactericidal epi mimicked by the group B polysaccharide in the presence of the lon arm, which supports the hypothesis that the epitope is polysaccharide-assocd. and is probably intermol. in nature.

OSC.G 19 THERE ARE 19 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (19 CI

L8 ANSWER 23 OF 29 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2010 Elsevier B.V. All rig



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DUPLICATE 23

- AN 1989215755 EMBASE
- TI Comparative evluation of potential components for group B meningo vaccine by passive protection in the infant rat and in vitro bactericidal assay.
- AU Saukkonen, K.; Leinonen, M.; Abdillahi, H.; Poolman, J.T.
- CS National Public Health Institute, SF-00280 Helsinki, Finland.
- SO Vaccine, (1989) Vol. 7, No. 4, pp. 325-328. ISSN: 0264-410X CODEN: VACCDE
- CY United Kingdom
- DT Journal
- FS 037 Drug Literature Index
 - 004 Microbiology: Bacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology and Vi

- LA English
- SL English
- ED Entered STN: 12 Dec 1991 Last Updated on STN: 12 Dec 1991
- AB Seventeen monoclonal antobodies to one of three main cell surface antigens of Neisseria meningitidis group B were tested for protective efficacy in the infant rat using as challenge seven st different class 2/3 protein serotypes, class 1 protein (P1) subty LPS immunotypes. Type-specific protection indicated both by a re of bacteraemia and meningitis and survival of the animals was reg obtained with antibodies to the P1 protein and to LPS. By contra one of seven antibodies to the serotype-specific class 2/3 protei protective, even though four of them were highly bactericidal. T animal protection test and in vitro bactericidal assay were other concordant. These data form important guidelines for the design vaccines to prevent group B meningococcal infections.

L8 ANSWER 24 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 24



AN 107:5416 CA OREF 107:1015a,1018a

- TI N-Propionylated **group B** meningococcal polysaccharide mimics a uni epitope on **group B Neisseria** meningitidis
- AU Jennings, Harold J.; Gamian, Andrzej; Ashton, Fraser E.
- CS Div. Biol. Sci., Natl. Res. Counc. Canada, Ottawa, ON, K1A OR6, C
- SO Journal of Experimental Medicine (1987), 165(4), 1207-11 CODEN: JEMEAV; ISSN: 0022-1007
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Antibodies induced in mice by the N-propionylated group B meningo polysaccharide (N-Pr-GBMP)-tetanus toxoid (TT) conjugate were bactericidal for GBM organisms independent of protein serotype. antisera contained 2 populations of N-Pr-GBMP-specific antibodies one of which cross-reacted with the GBMP. Particularly significa the fact that the bactericidal activity was mainly assocd. with t antibodies that did not cross-react with the GBMP. Thus, N-Pr-G mimics a unique epitope on the surface of GBM organisms that is n present on the exogenous GBMP.
- OSC.G 48 THERE ARE 48 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (48 CI

L8 ANSWER 25 OF 29 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2010 The Thomson Corporati



STN

- AN 1986:171713 BIOSIS
- DN PREV198681082129; BA81:82129
- TI HUMAN ANTIBODY RESPONSE TO A GROUP B SEROTYPE 2A MENINGOCOCCAL VA DETERMINED BY IMMUNOBLOTTING.
- AU WEDEGE E [Reprint author]; FROHOLM L O
- CS DEPARTMENT METHODOLOGY, NATIONAL INSTITUTE PUBLIC HEALTH, GEITMYR 75, 0462 OSLO 4, NORWAY
- SO Infection and Immunity, (1986) Vol. 51, No. 2, pp. 571-578. CODEN: INFIBR. ISSN: 0019-9567.

- DT Article
- FS BA
- LA ENGLISH
- ED Entered STN: 26 Apr 1986 Last Updated on STN: 26 Apr 1986
- AΒ The antibody responses of 30 volunteers vaccinated with a complex group B polysaccharide and outer membrane vesicles (OMV) from ser 2a Neisseria meningitidis and of 3 individuals who received a pla vaccine was determined by immunoblotting. OMV were separated by dodecyl sulfate-gel electrophoresis and electrotransferred to nitrocellulose filters. Binding of immunoglobulin G (IgG), IgA, antibodies in the human sera to OMV components was detected with class-specific peroxidase-conjugated antibodies. The immunoblott results were also related to the bactericidal activity of the ser the meningococcal carrier status of the volunteers. Before vacci weakly reactive bands in the molecular weight range of 140,000 to were observed on the blots. Sera from carriers showed more marke Individual patterns of increased reactivity were seen 6 weeks aft vaccination. The main immunoreactive components of OMV correspon molecular weight of 43,000 (class 1 protein), 30,000 (class 5 pro and 22,000. IgG antibodies in postvaccination sera of high bacte titers showed distinct binding to the 43,000-molecular-weight ant Meningococcal carriers had antibodies against an antigen of 22,00 molecular weight; in polyacrylamide gels this component did not s Coomassie brilliant blue or silver. The marked binding of IgG an to the class 5 proteins decreased considerably between weeks 6 an after vaccination. Periodate oxidation of OMV abolished the bind IgG antibodies to the class 5 proteins, whereas the antigenicity 43,000-molecular-weight (class 1 protein) and 22,000-molecular-we antigens was unaffected.

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DUPLICATE 25

- AN 1984113189 EMBASE
- TI Class-specific human **bactericidal** antibodies to capsular and nonc surface **antigens** of **Neisseria** meningitidis.
- AU Skevakis, L.; Frasch, C.E.; Zahradnik, J.M.; Dolin, R.
- CS Office of Biologics, National Center for Drugs and Biologics, US Drug Administration, Bethesda, MD 20205, United States.
- SO Journal of Infectious Diseases, (1984) Vol. 149, No. 3, pp. 387-3 ISSN: 0022-1899 CODEN: JIDIAQ
- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article
- FS 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation 004 Microbiology: Bacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology and Vi 008 Neurology and Neurosurgery
- LA English
- ED Entered STN: 10 Dec 1991
 Last Updated on STN: 10 Dec 1991
- AB **Bactericidal** and enzyme-linked immunosorbent assays were used to determine the immunoglobulin classes responsible for group- and type-specific immunity to **Neisseria** meningitidis among healthy,

unvaccinated individuals and persons who received **group-B** N meningitidis polysaccharide-serotype-2 protein **vaccine**. **Bacteric** antibodies to the group B polysaccharide were primarily IgM; only individuals had both IgM and IgG antibodies. IgG **bactericidal** antibodies were detected only in those individuals with high IgM-levels to group B meningococci. Increased levels of **bactericidal** antibodies to the group-B polysaccharide were infrequently found vaccines, possibly because of high prevaccination **bactericidal**-an levels. **Bactericidal** antibodies to the group-C polysaccharide we IgG, or both. **Vaccine**-induced antibodies to lipopolysaccharide w **bactericidal** for a group-C serotype-2 strain with the lipopolysac immunotype of the **vaccine** strain.

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FOII TEXT

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DUPLICATE 26

- AN 1978306724 EMBASE
- TI Protection against group B meningococcal disease. III. Immunogeni serotype 2 vaccines and specificity of protection in a guinea pig
- AU Frasch, C.E.; Robbins, J.D.
- CS Bur. Biol., Bethesda, Md. 20014, United States.
- SO Journal of Experimental Medicine, (1978) Vol. 147, No. 3, pp. 629 ISSN: 0022-1007 CODEN: JEMEAV
- CY United States
- DT Journal; Article
- FS 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation
 - Microbiology: Bacteriology, Mycology, Parasitology and Vi Neurology and Neurosurgery
- LA English
- AΒ Protein vaccines were prepared from the serotype antigen of group Neisseria meningitidis strain M986. The detergents Triton X-100, Emulphogene BC-720, and deoxycholate were used to remove the toxi lipopolysaccharide (LPS) portion of the serotype antigen. most preferentially solubilized by Emulphogene. Guinea pigs were immunized with one or two doses of vaccine given intramuscularly adjuvants and the antibody response quantitated by an enzyme-link immunosorbant assay. Immunization with graded doses of vaccine b 25 to 200 µg protein indicated a wide range of effective dosage a that a two-dose immunization schedule was superior to a single The vaccines elicited peak mean serum antibody lev immunization. approximately 30 µg/ml with bactericidal titers of 1:1,600-1:6,40 The peak antibody levels occurred 5-6 wk after immunization and p above preimmune levels for several months. To evaluate the prote effects of immunization, stainless steel springs were implanted subcutaneously into the guinea pigs. The resulting chambers, in unimmunized animals, could be infected with less than 100 type 2 organisms. A single 25-50 µg dose of vaccine protected 50% of animals from challenge by 5×105 type 2 meningococci, and as lit µg vaccine significantly reduced the severity of infection. two-dose immunization schedule was best and provided nearly compl protection for at least 4 mo against type 2 strains of meningococ groups B, C, and Y.

L8 ANSWER 28 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 27

FULL

AN 81:147147 CA OREF 81:22939a,22942a

- TI Protein fraction with immunogenic potential and low toxicity isol the cell wall of **Neisseria** meningitidis **group B**
- AU Hill, James C.; Weiss, Emilio
- CS Dep. Microbiol., Nav. Med. Res. Inst., Bethesda, MD, USA
- SO Infection and Immunity (1974), 10(3), 605-15 CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Several fractions were extd. from the cell envelope (CE) of N. AB meningitidis group B and characterized with regard to their morph antigenicity, protein compn., and toxicity. Whole bacterial cell suspended in a medium of low ionic strength and disrupted in a Fr The crude CE thus obtained was sepd. into cell me pressure cell. (CM) -enriched and cell wall (CW) -enriched fractions on sucrose gr In addn. CM and CW fractions were sepd. from CE on the basis of differential soly. in Triton X-100. The Triton-insol. fraction, primarily CW components, was further treated with a mixt. of Trit EDTA which removed addnl. protein and most of the lipopolysacchar Electron microscope examn. of the various fractions revealed typi membrane structures in the case of CM, or large, open segments in of CW. The Triton-insol./Triton-EDTA-insol. fractions consisted vesicular structures. All fractions, except the Triton-sol. frac when assayed byNa dodecyl sulfate-polyacrylamide gel electrophore contained 1 major protein component accounting for >50% of the to Sera from rabbits immunized with the various fractions formed pre lines in immunodiffusion tests against the homologous and some of heterologous fractions. High-titer bactericidal antibodies were demonstrated in these sera when tested against the homologous str Toxicity studies in rats sensitized with Pb(OAc)2 indicated that of contamination of Triton-insol./Triton-EDTA-insol. fractions wi lipopolysaccharide was significantly smaller than that of the oth fractions.

L8 ANSWER 29 OF 29 CA COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 28



AN 78:14329 CA OREF 78:2287a,2290a

- TI Classification of **Neisseria** meningitidis **group B** into distinct serogroups. IV. Preliminary chemical studies on the nature of t serotype antigen
- AU Frasch, Carl E.; Chapman, S. Stephen
- CS Med. Sch., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, USA
- SO Infection and Immunity (1972), 6(5), 674-81 CODEN: INFIBR; ISSN: 0019-9567
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Group B N. meningitidis has been subdivided into 11 distinct sero a sensitive **bactericidal** inhibition technique. The antigens resp

for induction of **bactericidal** type-specific antibodies were found extractable from the group B cells with heating at 100 either by HCl in saline or by normal saline. These extd. serotype antigens detected by a capillary precipitin test. The development of meth extn. and assay of the serotype antigens permitted studies on the immunochemistry. The serotype antigens were distinct from the group-specific substance. Acid exts. contained abundant serotype but were devoid of group-specific substance. The identity of ser antigens as proteins was confirmed by their sensitivity to Pronas trypsin. The mol. wt. of these antigens as estd. by G-200 Sephad chromatog. and by electrophoresis in polyacrylamide gels is in ex 200,000 daltons. Saline exts. contg. the serotype antigen could fractionated into three distinct fractions with acetic acid: pH 4 3.5 pptd. fractions, and a pH 3.5 supernatant fraction. The pH 4 fraction contained the serotype antigen.

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:32:28 ON 15 NOV 2010)

29 DUP REM L7 (47 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

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FILE 'EMBASE, MEDLINE, BIOSIS, BIOTECHDS, CA, CABA, CAPLUS, LIFES SCISEARCH, CONFSCI, AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 16:33:18 ON 15 NOV 2010

24 S NEISSERIA GROUP B

2871 S NEISSERIA (10A) GROUP B

1484 S L2 AND (VACCINE OR BACTERICIDAL OR MICROBICIDAL OR B

620 S L3 AND BACTERICIDAL

0 S L4 AND (MENB919 OR MENB 929)

0 S L4 AND (MENB919 OR MENB 919)

76 S L4 AND NEISSERIA (5A) ANTIGEN?
```

=>

L1

L2

L3

L4

L5

L6

L7

L8